

## United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

DATE MAILED: 04/21/2004

APPLICATION NO.	I	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/431,449	9/431,449 11/01/1999		ANTHONY P. GALLUSCIO	6572-14	8736
39207	7590	04/21/2004		EXAMINER	
SACCO & ASSOCIATES, PA				HOANG, PHUONG N	
P.O. BOX 30999 PALM BEACH GARDENS, FL 33420-0999				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		<b>-</b> ,		2126	
				DATE MAILED: 04/21/200	, l

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. Applicant(s)  09/431,449 GALLUSCIO ET AL.  Examiner Art Unit	
Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit	
Examinor	
Phuong N. Hoang 2126	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	
Status	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 February 2004</u> .	
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims	
4)  Claim(s) 1 - 20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6)  Claim(s) 1 - 20 is/are rejected.  7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.	
Application Papers	
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d) 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.	•
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>	
Attachment(s)	
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:	

Art Unit: 2126

## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1 – 20 are pending for examination.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 7, and 9 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Erickson, US patent no. 6,181,707 in view of Peterson, US patent no. 5,504,901.
- 4. Erickson reference can be found in previous office action.
- 5. As to claim 7, Erickson teaches a method for confirguring high speed interprocess communications between first and second presses comprising the steps of: disposing a message buffer in a shared region of random access memory (RAM) shared between the first and second processes (col. 7 lines 4 55);

\\* {:

Art Unit: 2126

accumulating message data from the first process in a location in the message buffer (col. 7 lines 15 - 20);

adding to the message list of the second process a memory offset corresponding to the location in the message buffer (col. 7 lines 52 - 57);

whereby the accumulated message data is transferred from the first process to the second process with minimal data transfer overhead (col. 7 lines 4 - 55).

Erickson does not teach the step of manipulating in the second process the accumulated data at the location corresponding to the offset, the manipulation modifying the accumulated data in place at the location.

Peterson teaches the step of manipulating in the second process the accumulated data at the location corresponding to the offset, the manipulation modifying the accumulated data in place at the location (col. 7 lines 42 – 45 and col. 8 lines 62 – 65).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Erickson and Peterson's because Peterson's accessing data using memory offset would provide flexibility for the second process to manipulate data and reduce the cost of data processing system.

6. **As to claim 9,** Erickson teaches the step of wherein the message list is a message queue (col. 7 lines 12 – 55).

Art Unit: 2126

7. **As to claim 10,** Erickson teaches the steps of wherein the adding means comprises:

means for retrieving a memory offset in the message buffer corresponding to the location of data accumulated by the first process; and, means for inserting the memory offset in the message queue corresponding to the second process (col. 7 lines 12 – 55).

- 8. **As to claim 11,** Erickson teaches the steps of atomically assigning the memory offset to an integer location in the message queue corresponding to the second process (col. 7 lines 35 55).
- 9. **As to claim 12,** Erickson teaches the steps of means for identifying a memory offset in the message list corresponding to the second process; means for using in the second process message data at a location in the message buffer corresponding to the memory offset; and, means for releasing the message buffer (col.8 lines 1 35).
- 10. Claims 1 6, 8, and 13 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Erickson, US patent no, 6,181,707 in view of Peterson, US patent no. 5,504,901, and further in view of Carter, UD patent no. 6,148,377.
- 11. Erickson and Carter references can be found in previous office action.

Art Unit: 2126

12. **As to claim 13,** Erickson teaches a method for high speed interprocess communications comprising the steps of:

attaching first and second processes to a message buffer in a shared region of random access memory (RAM), each the process having a message list (col. 7 lines 4 – 55);

accumulating message data from the first process in a location in the message buffer (col. 7 lines 15-20);

adding to the message list of the second process a memory offset corresponding to the location in the message buffer (col. 7 lines 52 – 57);

Erickson does not teach the step of the RAM is exclusive to the operating system, and manipulating in the second process the accumulated data at the location corresponding to the offset, the manipulation modifying the accumulated data in place at the location.

Peterson teaches the step of manipulating in the second process the accumulated data at the location corresponding to the offset, the manipulation modifying the accumulated data in place at the location (col. 7 lines 42 – 45 and col. 8 lines 62 – 65).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Erickson and Peterson's because Peterson's accessing data using memory offset would provide flexibility and efficiency for the second process to manipulate data, and therefore reduce the cost of the data processing system.

Art Unit: 2126

Erickson and Peterson do not teach the step of RAM is exclusive of the operating system.

Carter teaches the step of RAM is exclusive to the operating system (fig. 1 and 2).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Erickson, Peterson and Carter's because Carter's RAM exclusive to the operating system would speed up the transferring and accessing data process when it does not have to access through the operating system.

- 13. **As to claim 14,** Erickson teaches the steps of means for detecting a previously created shared region of RAM; and, means for creating and configuring a shared region in RAM for storing accumulated data if a previously created shared region of RAM is not detected by the detecting means (col. 7 lines 15 30).
- 14. **As to claims 15 18,** see claims 9 12 above.
- 15. **As to claim 1,** it is the method claim of claim 13. See the rejection of claim 13 above. Further, Erickson teaches whereby the accumulated message data is transferred from the first process to the second process with minimal data transfer overhead (col. 7 lines 4 55).

Art Unit: 2126

16. **As to claims 2 – 6,** see the rejection of claims 14 – 18 above.

- 17. **As to claim 8,** Erickson teaches the steps of creating a message list in the shared region for each the process, whereby the message list can store memory offsets of message data stored in the message buffer (col. 7 lines 1 55). See rejection of claim 13 for RAM exclusive of operating system kernel space.
- 18. Claims 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Erickson, US patent no, 6,181,707, in view of Peterson, US patent no. 5,504,901, in view of Carter, UD patent no. 6,148,377, and further in view of Bohannon, US patent no. 5,991,845.
- 19. **As to claims 19 and 20,** Erickson, Peterson, and Carter do not teach the step of locking the accumulated data to prevent the first process from accessing the accumulated data while the accumulated data is being manipulated.

Bohannon teaches the step of locking the accumulated data to prevent the first process from accessing the accumulated data while the accumulated data is being manipulated (col. 1 lines 46 - 50).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Erickson, Peterson, Carter, and

Art Unit: 2126

Bohannon's because Bohannon's locking system would control the exclusively access

to the resources in a multi-processing system.

Conclusion

20. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Phuong N. Hoang whose telephone number is (703)

605-4239. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 9:00 am to 5:30

pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (703)305-9678. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MENG-AL T. AN

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100

Ph

Page 8